

# Loop Quantum Cosmology

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*Loop Quantum Cosmology*

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by TEX and GNU Emacs

# Outline

- Quantum Gravity's importance;
- Present Approaches to Quantum Gravity;
- Basics of Loop Quantum Gravity;
- LQG Results;
- Loop Quantum Cosmology; &
- LQC Recent Applications.

# Quantum Gravity: Why is it important?! ☺

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## Relation to other problems

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## Relation to other problems

- Quantum Cosmology & Origin of the Universe;
- Quantum Theory “without time”, Unitarity;
- Structure and Interpretation of Quantum Mechanics, Topos theory;
- Wave Function Collapse;
- Unification of All Interactions, TOEs;
- Final State of a Black Hole; &
- Ultraviolet Divergences.

# Present Approaches to Quantum Gravity

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## Main Directions



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- String Theory; &
- Loop Quantum Gravity.

# Traditional Approaches

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- **Discrete Approaches** (Regge calculus, dynamical triangulations);
- **Old Hopes, Approximate Theories** (Euclidean QG, QFT on curved spacetime); &
- **“Unorthodox Approaches”** (causal sets, twistors, Finkelstein’s ideas).

# New Directions

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- Noncommutative Geometry;
- Null Surface Formulations; &
- Spin Foam Models (TQFTs).

# Loop Quantum Gravity: The Basics

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- Quantum Field Theory on a Differentiable Manifold
  - ★ background independence;
  - ★ pseudo-1-form (densitized triad); &
  - ★  $SU(2)$ -connection.



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  - ★ non-perturbative.
- **Physical meaning of diffeomorphism invariance and its implementation in the quantum theory**
  - ★ **all variables are dynamical!**

# LQG: Results

- Technical

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- **Technical**

- ★ Solution of the Hamiltonian constraint
- ★ Time Evolution, Topological Feynman rules
- ★ Fermions
- ★ Maxwell & Yang-Mills
- ★ Lattice & Simplicial models

# LQG: Results (cont'd)

- Physical



# LQG: Results (cont'd)

- **Physical**

- ★ Planck Scale Discreteness of space (area or volume operators have a discrete spectrum)



- ★ Classical Limit, quantum states for flat spacetimes
- ★ Black Hole Entropy

# Loop Quantum Cosmology

- Hamiltonian constraint:

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- Hamiltonian constraint:

$$\frac{12 \sqrt{|p|}}{\gamma^2} \left[ c(c-k) + (1+\gamma^2) \frac{k^2}{4} \right] = 8 \pi G H_m(p, \phi, p_\phi)$$

where  $|p| = a^2$ ,  $c = 1/2 (k - \gamma \dot{a})$ ,  $k = 0, 1$  for a flat or closed model,  $H_m$  is the matter Hamiltonian. ( $p$  and  $c$  are part of the **isotropic** triad and connection, respectively.)

## LQC (cont'd)

- This is just Friedman's eq,

$$3 (\dot{a}^2 + k^2) a = 8 \pi G a^3 \rho_m(a, \phi, p_\phi)$$

- LQC: **symmetric** LQG states.

# LQC (cont'd)

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# LQC (cont'd)

- Discrete Evolution

- ★ **Indirect** quantization: via holonomies, i.e.,  $\nexists$   $c$  operator, just a holonomy related to it.
- ★ Quantized Friedman eq: **difference** eq!
- ★  $\Rightarrow$  no cosmological singularities (homogeneous models)!



# LQC (cont'd)

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  - ★ Matter Hamiltonian: need to quantize  $a^{-3}$ 
    - \* Inverse power of  $\hat{p}$ : discrete spectrum with 0
    - \* Alternative way yields 3 phases:

# LQC (cont'd)

- Finite Inverse Scale Factor Operator

- ★ Matter Hamiltonian: need to quantize  $a^{-3}$ 
  - \* Inverse power of  $\hat{p}$ : discrete spectrum with 0
  - \* Alternative way yields 3 phases:
    1.  $\hat{H}_m(0) = 0$
    2. Inflation
    3. Transition to the classical  $a^{-3}$

# Recent Applications

- Quantum Structure of Classical Singularities

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  - ★ All homogeneous models: no cosmological singularities!
  - ★ Inhomogeneous models: can be treated in the BKL scenario.

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- ★ Inflation:

- \* **No** graceful exit problem (phase transition on the scale factor  $\Rightarrow$  classical regime);
- \* Exists for **any** matter content, even without an inflaton (spacetime property).

## Recent Applications (cont'd)

- Phenomenology

- ★ Inflation:

- \* **No** graceful exit problem (phase transition on the scale factor  $\Rightarrow$  classical regime);
- \* Exists for **any** matter content, even without an inflaton (spacetime property).

- ★ Quantized spacetime: photons with different energies should have slightly different speeds (modified dispersion relations; gamma & cosmic rays).



# Recent Applications (cont'd)

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- Perturbative Corrections
  - ★ Leading order: Friedmann eq (as seen); &
  - ★ Two types of corrections:
    1. Higher curvature corrections (  $\simeq$  effective action); &
    2. Other terms: reflect that  $\nexists$  unique coherent state such as the Minkowski vacuum for an effective action.

# Bibliography

- *“Throwing Einstein for a Loop”*;
- *“Atoms of Space and Time”*;
- *“A Spin on Spin Foam”*;
- *“The Future of String Theory – A Conversation with Brian Greene”*;
- *“How far are we from the quantum theory of gravity?”*;
- *“Strings, loops and others: a critical survey of the present approaches to quantum gravity”*;
- *“Loop Quantum Gravity”*;
- *“Loop quantum gravity and quanta of spacetime: a primer”*;
- *“Lectures on Loop Quantum Gravity”*;
- *“Canonical quantum gravity and consistent discretizations”*;
- *“Absence of Singularity in Loop Quantum Cosmology”*;
- *“Quantum Geometry in Action: Big-Bang and Black Holes”*;
- *“Cosmological applications of loop quantum gravity”*; &
- *“Loop Quantum Cosmology: Recent Progress”*.

# Just in case...

Oh, you thought I wouldn't be prepared for some questions, huh?! 😊

Not at all: In what follows there are some slides to entertain the more curious characters...

# Appendix 1: Loop Quantization

- Quantum variables:
  - ★ Holonomies:  $h_e(A) = \mathcal{P} \exp\left\{\int_e A_a^i \dot{e}^a \tau_i dt\right\} \in SU(2)$
  - ★ Fluxes:  $F_S(E) = \int_S E_i^a n_a \tau^i d^2y$
- $\tau_i$ : Pauli matrices;  $\dot{e}^a$ : tangent vector to the edge  $e$ ;  $n_a$ : co-normal to the surface  $S$ .
- If all curves  $e$  and all surfaces  $\Sigma$  are allowed, holonomies and fluxes contain the same information as the original fields.

# Appendix 1: Loop Quantization (cont'd)

- Holonomies and fluxes are better for quantization: smeared versions of the fields obtained by natural integration along curves and surfaces
- One- and two-dimensional smearings can be done without introducing a background metric! Background independent quantization! 😊
- Quantum theory: defined on a representation of the background independent holonomy-flux Poisson  $\star$ -algebra

# Appendix 1: Loop Quantization (cont'd)

- The basis for the states is given by **spin network** states which are associated to graphs in  $\Sigma$  whose edges are labeled by irreducible  $SU(2)$  representations
- Diffeomorphism-invariant inner product: Ashtekar-Lewandowski



# Appendix 1: Loop Quantization (cont'd)

- Characteristics of the Loop Quantization:
  - ★ Hilbert space before imposing the [diffeomorphism invariance and Hamiltonian] constraints is non-separable: all spin network states in different graphs are orthogonal to each other!
  - ★ Holonomies are well defined operators by definition!
  - ★ Flux operators have discrete spectra  $\Rightarrow$  discrete spatial geometry!